



# PHYSICAL CHEMISTRY

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**MEQ. APPROACH**

*Classes at: -*

**SCIENCE TUTORIALS;** Opp. Khuda Baksh Library, Ashok Rajpath, Patna  
**PIN POINT STUDY CIRCLE;** House No. 5A/65, Opp. Mahual Kothi, Alpana Market, Patna

**Topic: Mole Concept**

- Find the number of atoms in 48 g of ozone at NTP. (1.8066 × 10<sup>24</sup>)
- What is the ratio of the volumes occupied by 1 mole of O<sub>2</sub> and 1 mole of O<sub>3</sub> in identical conditions? (1:1)
- Calculate the mass of 5 moles of CaCO<sub>3</sub> in gram. (500 g)
- The vapour density of a gas is 11.2. Calculate the volume occupied by 11.2 g of the gas at NTP. (11.2 litres)
- Calculate the number of oxygen atoms in 0.2 mole of Na<sub>2</sub>CO<sub>3</sub>·10H<sub>2</sub>O. (1.56 × 10<sup>24</sup>)
- Calculate number of moles of CuSO<sub>4</sub> contained in 100 mL of 1 M CuSO<sub>4</sub> solution. Also find the number of SO<sub>4</sub><sup>2-</sup> in it. (0.1 mole, 0.6022 × 10<sup>23</sup>)
- Find total number of nucleons present in 12 g of <sup>12</sup>C atoms. (12 × 6.022 × 10<sup>23</sup>)
- Find (i) total number of neutrons and (ii) total mass of neutrons in 7 mg of <sup>14</sup>C. (Assume that the mass of a neutrons = mass of a hydrogen atom) (24.088 × 10<sup>20</sup>, 0.004 g)
- How many moles are there in 1 metre<sup>3</sup> of any gas at NTP? (44.6 moles)
- 3 g of a salt of molecular weight 30 is dissolved in 250 g of water. Calculate the molarity of the solution. (0.4 m)
- Calculate volume occupied by 5.25 g of nitrogen at 26°C and 74.2 cm. of pressure. (4.71 litres)
- Find the ratio of number of molecules contained in 1 g of NH<sub>3</sub> and 1 g of N<sub>2</sub>. (28 : 17)
- How many molecules of CO<sub>2</sub> are contained in one litre of air if the volume content of CO<sub>2</sub> is 0.03% at NTP ? (8.06 × 10<sup>18</sup>)
- Is the number of molecules in 1 kg of H<sub>2</sub> and 1 kg of O<sub>2</sub> at the same? What is the ratio of weights of H<sub>2</sub> and O<sub>2</sub>, the mixture of which contains equal number of molecules of each gas? (No, 1 : 16)
- The measured density at NTP of a gaseous sample of a compound was found to be 1.78 g/l. What is the weight of 1 mole of the gaseous sample? (39.9 g)
- If the concentration of a solution is 2M, calculate the millimoles present in 2 liters of a solution. (4000)
- How many moles of oxygen are contained in one litre of air, if its volume content is 21% at NTP? (0.0093)
- How many atoms do mercury vapour molecules consist of if the density of mercury vapour relative to air is 6.92? The average mass of air is 29 g/mole. (One)

19. Calculate total number of atoms in 0.5 mole of  $K_2Cr_2O_7$ . (3.31  $\times 10^{24}$ )
20. What is the volume of 6 g of hydrogen at 1 atm and 0°C? (67.2 litres)
21. What is the density of oxygen gas at NTP. (1.429 g/l)
22. Calculate the total number of electrons present in 18 ml of water. ( $10 \times 6.022 \times 10^{23}$ )
23. Calculate the number of electrons, protons and neutrons in 1 mole of  ${}_{16}O^{2-}$  ions. ( $10 \times 6.022 \times 10^{23}$ ,  $8 \times 6.022 \times 10^{23}$ ,  $8 \times 6.022 \times 10^{23}$ )
24. Find the mass of the nitrogen contained in 1 kg of (i)  $KNO_3$  (ii)  $NH_4NO_3$  and (iii)  $(NH_4)_2HPO_4$ .  
[ (i) 138.5 g, (ii) 350 g and (iii) 212 g ]
25. Find the mass of each element in 7.84 g  $FeSO_4$ ,  $(NH_4)_2SO_4$ ,  $6H_2O$ . What will be the volume of  $O_2$  at NTP in this sample? (3.136 litres)
26. The density of solid  $AgCl$  is 5.56 g/cc. The solid is made up of cubic array of alternate  $Ag^+$  and  $Cl^-$  ions at a spacing of 2.773 Å between centres. From these data calculate avogadro constant. ( $6.04 \times 10^{23}$ )
27. Three atoms of magnesium combine with 2 atoms of nitrogen. What will be the weight of magnesium which combines with 1.86 g of nitrogen? (4.86 g)
28. 600 ml of a mixture of  $O_3$  and  $O_2$  weighs 1 g at NTP. Calculate the volume of ozone in the mixture. (200 ml)
29. The vapour density (hydrogen = 1) of a mixture consisting of  $NO_2$  and  $N_2O_4$  is 38.3 at 26.7°C. Calculate the number of moles of  $NO_2$  in 100 g of the mixture. (0.437 mole)
30. A nugget of gold and quartz weighs 100g. Sp. gr. of gold and quartz and the nugget are 19.3, 2.6 and 6.4 respectively. Calculate the weight of gold in the nugget. (68.6 g)
31. The nucleus of an atoms X is supposed to be a sphere with a radius  $5 \times 10^{-13}$  cm. Find the density of the matter in the atomic nucleus if the atomic weight of X is 19. ( $6.02 \times 10^{13}$  g/ml)
32. Copper forms two oxides. For the same amount of copper, twice as much oxygen was used to form the first oxide than to form the second one. What is the ratio of the valencies of copper in the first and second oxides? (2:1)
33. 105 ml of pure water (4°C) is saturated with  $NH_3$  gas, producing a solution of density 0.9 g/ml. If this solution contains 30% of  $NH_3$  by weight, calculate its volume. (166.67 ml)
34. How many iron atoms are present in a stainless steel ball-bearing having a radius of 0.1 inch? The stainless steel contains 85.6% Fe, by weight and has a density of 7.75 g/cc. ( $4.91 \times 10^{21}$ )
35. How many liters of liquid  $CCl_4$  ( $d = 1.5$  g/cc) must be measured out to contain  $1 \times 10^{25}$   $CCl_4$  molecules? (1.61 lit.)
36. A sample of potato starch was ground in a ball mill to give a starch like molecule of lower molecular weight. The product analysed 0.086% phosphorus. If each molecule is assumed to contain one atom of phosphorus, what is the molecular weight of the material? ( $3.6 \times 10^4$  amu)
37. The dot at the end of this sentence has a mass of about one microgram. Assuming that the black stuff is carbon, calculate the approximate number of atoms of carbon needed to make such a dot. ( $5 \times 10^6$  atoms)
38. To what volume must 50 ml of 3.50 M  $H_2SO_4$  be diluted in order to make 2M  $H_2SO_4$ ? (87.5 ml)